

# RUMUS-RUMUS TRIGONOMETRI

## C. Rumus Hasil Kali Sinus dan Kosinus

Rumus hasil kali sinus dan kosinus merupakan pengembangan dari rumus jumlah dan selisih dua sudut. Yakni sebagai berikut :

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(\alpha + \beta) &= \sin\alpha.\cos\beta + \cos\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \sin(\alpha - \beta) &= \sin\alpha.\cos\beta - \cos\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \hline \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta) &= 2.\sin\alpha.\cos\beta + 0\end{aligned}+$$

Jadi 2.\sin\alpha.\cos\beta = \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(\alpha + \beta) &= \sin\alpha.\cos\beta + \cos\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \sin(\alpha - \beta) &= \sin\alpha.\cos\beta - \cos\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \hline \sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta) &= 0 + 2.\cos\alpha.\sin\beta\end{aligned}-$$

Jadi 2.\cos\alpha.\sin\beta = \sin(\alpha + \beta) - \sin(\alpha - \beta)

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(\alpha + \beta) &= \cos\alpha.\cos\beta - \sin\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \cos(\alpha - \beta) &= \cos\alpha.\cos\beta + \sin\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \hline \cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta) &= 2.\cos\alpha.\cos\beta + 0\end{aligned}+$$

Jadi 2.\cos\alpha.\cos\beta = \cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta)

$$\begin{aligned}\cos(\alpha + \beta) &= \cos\alpha.\cos\beta - \sin\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \cos(\alpha - \beta) &= \cos\alpha.\cos\beta + \sin\alpha.\sin\beta \\ \hline \cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta) &= 0 - 2.\sin\alpha.\sin\beta\end{aligned}-$$

Jadi -2.\sin\alpha.\sin\beta = \cos(\alpha + \beta) - \cos(\alpha - \beta)

Untuk lebih jelasnya, pelajarilah contoh soal berikut ini:

01. Tentukanlah nilai dari :

$$(a) 8.\cos 45^\circ \cdot \cos 15^\circ + 8.\cos 135^\circ \cdot \sin 15^\circ$$

$$(b) 2.\sin 7,5^\circ [\cos 52,5^\circ + \sin 322,5^\circ]$$

Jawab

$$(a) 8.\cos 45^\circ \cdot \cos 15^\circ + 8.\cos 135^\circ \cdot \sin 15^\circ$$

$$= 4[\cos(45^\circ + 15^\circ) + \cos(45^\circ - 15^\circ) + \sin(135^\circ + 15^\circ) - \sin(135^\circ - 15^\circ)]$$

$$= 4[\cos 60^\circ + \cos 30^\circ + \sin 150^\circ - \sin 120^\circ]$$

$$= 4\left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}\right]$$

$$= 4$$

$$(b) 2.\sin 7,5^\circ [\cos 52,5^\circ + \sin 322,5^\circ]$$

$$= 2.\cos 52,5^\circ \cdot \sin 7,5^\circ + 2.\sin 322,5^\circ \cdot \sin 7,5^\circ$$

$$= 2.\cos 52,5^\circ \cdot \sin 7,5^\circ - (-2.\sin 322,5^\circ \cdot \sin 7,5^\circ)$$

$$= \sin(52,5^\circ + 7,5^\circ) - \sin(52,5^\circ - 7,5^\circ) - \{\cos(322,5^\circ + 7,5^\circ) - \cos(322,5^\circ - 7,5^\circ)\}$$

$$= \sin 60^\circ - \sin 45^\circ - \cos 330^\circ + \cos 315^\circ$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}$$

$$= 0$$

02. Buktikanlah bahwa  $4.\cos x \cdot \cos 2x \cdot \sin 3x = \sin 2x + \sin 4x + \sin 6x$

Jawab

$$\text{Ruas kiri} = 4.\cos x \cdot \cos 2x \cdot \sin 3x$$

$$= 2(2.\cos x \cdot \cos 2x) \cdot \sin 3x$$

$$= 2(\cos(x + 2x) + \cos(x - 2x)) \cdot \sin 3x$$

$$= 2.\cos 3x \cdot \sin 3x + 2.\cos(-x) \cdot \sin 3x$$

$$= 2.\cos 3x \cdot \sin 3x + 2.\cos x \cdot \sin 3x$$

$$= \sin(3x + 3x) - \sin(3x - 3x) + \sin(x + 3x) - \sin(x - 3x)$$

$$= \sin 6x - \sin 0 + \sin 4x - \sin(-2x)$$

$$= \sin 6x - 0 + \sin 4x + \sin 2x$$

$$= \sin 2x + \sin 4x + \sin 6x$$

$$= \text{ruas kanan}$$

03. Buktikanlah bahwa  $2.\sin(135^\circ + a).\cos(45^\circ - a) = \cos 2a$

Jawab

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Ruas kiri} &= 2.\sin(135^\circ + a).\cos(45^\circ - a) \\&= \sin([135^\circ + a] + [45^\circ - a]) + \sin([135^\circ + a] - [45^\circ - a]) \\&= \sin 180^\circ + \sin(90^\circ + 2a) \\&= 0 + \sin 90^\circ \cdot \cos 2a + \cos 90^\circ \cdot \sin 2a \\&= (1)\cos 2a + (0).\sin 2a \\&= \cos 2a \\&= \text{ruas kanan}\end{aligned}$$